THE
NEW-YORK GENERAL JOURNAL AND WEEKLY ADVERTISER.

OR,

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTIC

PRINTED AND PUPLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, ON HUNTER'S-QUAY, ROTTON-ROW.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Buſhel	7s. 9d.	Beef per Barrel	50s. 0d.
Flour——	22s. 0d.	Pork	£4. 10s. 0d.
Brown Bread	21s. 0d.	Salt	2s. 9d.
Weſt-India Rum	5s. 3d.	Bohea Tea	4s. 6d.
New-England ditto	2s. 8d.	Chocol. per Doz.	18s. 0d.
Muſcovado Sugar	56s. 0ds.	Bees Wax	1s. 9d.
Single refin'd ditto	1s. 0d.	Nut Wood	46s. 0d.
Molaſſes	1s. 11d.	Oak ditto	30s. 0d.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thurſday next.

☾'s	Age.	High Water.	rises ☉ H.	M.	ſets ☉ H.	M.	
THURSDAY	1	10	after 6	21	before 6		
FRIDAY	2	11	6	19	6		
SATURDAY	3	11	6	18	6		
SUNDAY	4	12	6	17	6		
MONDAY	5	1	6	16	6		
TUESDAY	6	2	6	14	6		
WEDNESDAY	7	2	6	12	6		

Days 11 Hours 18 Min. the 5th.

First q. next Wednesday, 5 Morn.

☞ THE Printing-Office, now kept on Hunter's-Quay, Rotton-Row, will at the 1ſt of May next, be removed to the Houſe now occupied by Mrs. Joncour, nearly oppoſite the Coffee-Houſe.

THE Printer requeſts all thoſe who are indebted to him for *advertiſements*, *ſtationary*, &c. or above *twelve months*, for *news-papers*, that they will immediately diſcharge their accounts;—all but news-papers being *ready money* articles for which no truſt ought to be given, nor ever was or is propoſed to be given by the Printer hereof—unleſs to his conſtant cuſtomers, whoſe accounts are always readily paid when carried in. To cuſtomers of this ſort, who are the only ſupporters of his paper, he returns his hearty thanks, aſſuring them that *they* are not the perſons of whom he means to complain for neglect in payment of their accounts—The objects of his complaint are perſons of very different characters, who, in order to keep a man out of his property are ingenious in finding out occaſions of cavil and delay. They will examine the account—or they *will call down* and ſettle it, or they are not then at leiſure, or they will pay in a few days, or a week, or a month hence, or they think they have paid it, or part of it before, or they have juſt paid away all their money, or are not at home, or they have not had time to examine the account, or had forgot it, or have loſt the account and muſt have another, &c. and theſe and other excuſes are often repeated over and over again, till the trouble and loſs of time greatly exceeds the value of the debt demanded, which is generally ſmall, and of long ſtanding; and from ſuch people, the payment is often made at laſt in the moſt niggardly and ungenerous manner, ſome trifling or unreaſonable deduction being inſiſted on, and admitted merely to avoid contention: Thus the cuſtomary method of making up accounts for news-papers, being to charge to the end of the preſent quarter (then running when the account is carried in) tho' the account has been unpaid for ſeveral years, ſome have inſiſted upon a deduction of the few weeks that were charged of the unfiniſhed quarter, which can never amount to ſo much as three ſhillings, and even if the remaining papers ſhould not be ſent, would not amount to more than the intereſt of the money after it became due for the papers.

Cuſtomers ſuch as theſe, are really misfortunes to all concerned with them; It is no advantage to a Printer to publiſh advertiſements on truſt, or to have cuſtomers for trifling accounts, unleſs they take care to diſcharge them punctually, or at leaſt upon being ſent to once or twice. The buſineſs of printing is carried on at a great expence of ready money, the workmen's wages and all the materials are ready money articles, nor can it be ſupported without ready money or punctual payments——All therefore, who do not pay ready money, or who neglect to pay their accounts when carried in, are dead weights, who ought by every Printer to be thrown off for the common good—and, in order to diſcriminate between thoſe who are *benefactors* and thoſe who are *nuiſances* to the buſineſs.

RICHARD NORRIS,

STAY-MAKER, from LONDON,

In Smith-Street, New-York, next Door to Mr. John Cruger's, late Mayor,

MAKES all ſorts of ſtays and jumps, turn'd and plain, French hipt German jackets, after the neweſt faſhion and on the moſt reaſonable terms, any ladies uneaſy in their ſhapes, he likewiſe fits without any incumbrance; young ladies and growing miſſes inclined to caſts and riſings in their hips, and ſhoulders, he likewiſe prevents, by methods approved of by the Society of ſtay-makers in London. He has had the honour of working for ſeveral ladies of diſtinction, both in England and in this city, with univerſal applauſe,——He engages his work as good as any done in London, for neatneſs, true fitting, ſhape and faſhion.

He returns his ſincere thanks to all his cuſtomers, and hopes their good word will not be wanting to his further promotion: Thoſe ladies that reſide in the country, by ſending their meaſures, may be ſupplied at the ſhorteſt notice.

TO BE SOLD,

A HOUSE and Lot of Ground ſituated in Cortland ſtreet, now in the occupation of Mr. Chriſtopher Benſon; the lot contains in front and rear twenty five feet, and in the length on both ſides, one hundred and twenty ſix feet; the houſe is two ſtories and a half high, and has ſeven fire places in it, with a good cellar under the whole, with a good garden, graſs plats, ciſtren and ſtable, and is very convenient for a gentleman, a merchant or tradeſman; whoever has a mind to purchaſe, may apply to the ſubſcriber living near the premiſes.

WALTER COSINE.

N. B. If not ſold by the 26 of March then to be ſold at publick vendue. 21 24

To be ſold at pudlic Vendue, on Thurſday the 2d Day of April next, on the Premiſes,

SEVEN lots of land at Tinton, near Shrewſberry, New-Jerſey.—Lot N° 1, is a farm of about 280 acres, 150 of which is cleared, and in good fence, and contains a great quantity of fine meadow land, (which yields the beſt hay) and much more may be made, as there is a fine ſwamp upon it, the wood of which will more than pay the expence of clearing.—There is on this farm a good bearing orchard, and a young one beginning to bear, a large dwelling houſe, newly covered and repaired, of two ſtories high, with four rooms on a floor, a large barn and ſtables, a large crib for Indian corn, and other out-houſes: This is a convenient place for a trader, and has a good griſt-mill adjoining it; the other ſix lots are wood land, from 50 to 80 acres in each lot, very handy to Shrewſberry, the inhabitants of which, and the adjacent country, buy their firewood. The conditions will be made known on the day of ſale. Should any perſon incline to purchaſe the above farm, or any of the wood-lots before the day of ſale, they may apply to the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes, who will agree on very reaſonable terms, and give an indiſputable title for the ſame.

21 24 V. PEARSE ASHFIELD.

February 10, 1772.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN-AWAY from the Subſcriber, in *Spring field* Townſhip, *Burlington* County, on the 7th of this Inſtant, *February*, a Servant Man, named *Richard Teakle*. He is about twenty-two Years old, five Feet eight or nine Inches high, pretty well ſet, of a darkiſh Complexion and round faced. He is an Engliſhman, very talkative, has been a Soldier, and had a Bullet ſhot through his right Arm, in or near the Elbow, which cauſes it to be ſtiff. Had on when he went away, an old Beaver Hat, cut ſomething like a Jockey-Cap, an old *Ruſſia* Duck patch'd Shirt, two old Jackets, a Pair of old Leather Breeches and ribb'd Stockings, with black Leggings over them, an half worn pair of of Shoes, with Hob Nails in them and tied with Strings. He took with him a Wallet and ſome Proviſions.

All Maſters of Veſſels are forbid to carry off ſaid Servant, at their Peril, and whoever ſecures him in any of His Majeſty's Gaols, ſo that his Maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above Reward, and all reaſonable Charges, paid by

CHRISTOPHER BISHOP.

N. B. He went off from his Maſter at a Cedar Swamp on *Wading River* 21 25

TO BE SOLD,

By HAYMAN LEVY,

In *BAYARD-STREET*,

A Choice parcel of beaver and old coat raccoon-ſkins, which can be ſold very cheap; dear-ſkins, both Indian dreſs'd and in the hair, beſt brown martin-ſkins, &c.

Ruſſia ſheeting and ravens duck.

Oil ſtints of the firſt ſort, ſome bear-ſkins, with ſundry other articles, as uſual. 9—

Money to be Let

All the Year round,

Upon Intereſt or Bottomry,

(No Sums leſs than £.100.)

ON good perſonal ſecurity; houſes or lands in or near this city, will be taken, and the utmoſt ſecrecy and diſpatch be obſerved in the execution of this office, by

HENDRICK OUDENAARDE,

BROKER, in Hanover-Square.

Nearly oppoſite to Mr. Hugh Gaine's Printing-Office. 9 12

Aſſize of BREAD, publiſhed 18th of Dec. 1771.

Flour at 22*s*. 9*d*. per Ct.

A White Loaf of fineſt Flour to weigh 1lb. 7 oz. for 4 Coppers. Ditto, of Do. to weigh — 11 for 2 Do.

INOCULATION.

THE Subſcriber begs Leave to inform the Public, that he has opened a very convenient Houſe in a remote tho' pleaſant Situation, within three miles of *New-Brunſwick*, for the Reception of ſuch Perſons as propoſe taking the Small-Pox by Inoculation. The beſt Attendance will be given, and every Thing proper for their Accommodation ſhall be furniſhed, at a very low and eaſy Rate.

MANY are detered from being inoculated, on Account of ſore Arms, Boils and large Abſceſſes, often attending the common Method of treating the Diſeaſe, but more particularly from the ill Effects of the too free and indiſcriminate Uſe of Mercury, by which, many (tho' they recover of the Small-Pox, yet the Conſtitution being injured,) ſoon fall Victims to ſome other Malady.

ALL theſe Inconveniences are avoided by a particular Method of preparing the Patient, the moſt efficacious and the leaſt detrimental to the Conſtitution, by the Manner of conveying the Infection, and by the ſubſequent Treatment of the Diſeaſe, without the leaſt Confinement; the Advantages of which have been fully and clearly demonſtrated in upwards of 400 Perſons under the Subſcriber's Care, in the ſpace of a few Months, laſt Winter and Spring, without the Misfortune of loſing any; nor has there died more than one of that Number ſince, which plainly ſhews the ſingular Advantages of this Method.

A ſufficient Number to make it worth his While, in any Part of the Country not contiguous to a Perſon properly qualified, (I don't mean authoriſed) ſhall be waited on, at a ſhort Notice, by the Publick's

Moſt obedient humble Servant,

NEW-BRUNSWICK, JOHN COCHRAN.

December 22. 1771.

Robert G. Livingſton,

Will diſpoſe of the following Tracts of land very cheap, for ready Money; or if required, for one half thereof, Bonds will be taken, viz.

A Very pleaſant Farm, containing 30 Acres of land, 4 Acres of it is a fine young Orchard, and 4 Acres fine Wood; it lies 4 Miles from Jamaica, near Forſter's Meadow, on the left Hand of the Road to Hempſtead. A very convenient Houſe and Store-houſe, and another adjoining that, now occupied by Mr. Freek and Mr. Plowman, at the Ferry, on Long-Iſland, formerly by Chriſtopher Codwiſe.

A Farm in Aimwell, in the County of Hunterdon, New-Jerſey, formerly occupied by Martin Ryerſon, containing 300 Acres of choice Land, about 20 or 30 Acres of it fine Meadow land, Wood-land ſufficient for the Farm; a good faſh'd Houſe, 5 or 6 Rooms on the firſt Floor, Out-houſes, a good Barn, very pleaſantly ſituated. Enquire of James Hude, Eſq; in New-Brunſwick, Thomas Atkinſon, and Thomas Lowrey, in ſaid Aimwell, about 22 Miles from New-Brunſwick.

Two very good improved Farms at Dutcheſs County, in Nine-Partners, about 24 Miles from the Landing at Poughkeepſie, each a faſh'd Houſe, two Stories high, 4 rooms on a Floor, with Barns, Out-houſes, and each a fine young Orchard of 200 Apple Trees, and 20 Acres of fine Meadow, each containing 263 Acres, and joining each other; very well ſituated for a Country Store, in the Heart of a Wheat Country, both occupied by Rotwell and Michael Hopkins, two Brothers.—

For further Particulars, enquire of Henry Livingſton, Eſq; at Poughkeepſie, and of the ſaid Hopkins on the Spot.

A Farm in the Nine Partners, formerly occupied by Daniel Barber, containing 600 Acres; and a Farm of 82 and a half Acres, formerly occupied by Joſiah Brown, in Nine-Partners; both Farms enquire of Henry Livingſton, Eſq; in Poughkeepſie. 15 18

And a Houſe and Lot in the Town of Poughkeepſie.

Alſo two Lots, No. 27 and 31, each 539 acres, lying in the County of Albany, at a Place called Conydarage, in the Patent granted to David Schuyler, Nicholas Pietard, G. Stuyveſant, Ja. Livingſton, J. Willet, and others, containing 43,000 Acres.

N. B. Any of the above Lands, if deſired, will be ſold in ſingle Farms.

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

STOLEN laſt Friday from on board the brig York, a ſilver watch, N° 19907, maker's name George Axford, London, the edge of the outſide caſe chaſed, the inſide caſe marked H P C. Whoever will ſtop the ſaid watch if offered for ſale, ſo that the owner may have it again, and ſecure the thief, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive the above reward, by applying to Dungan M'Dougal, on Golden-Hill. JAMES BOYLE.

New-York Feb. 17, 1772. 20 21

To the Creditors of John Durkee,

BE *pleaſed to take Notice, that I have petitioned the Honourable Repreſentatives of the Freemen of Pennſylvania, in General Aſſembly met, for a Bill to be paſſed into a Law, to relieve my Perſon from Impriſonment.*

19 22 JOHN DURKEE.

ſwer from delivering their cargoes which came from any part of Ruſſia.

South-Carolina to Liverpool, in ballaſt, was loſt ed at that Iſland, but don't learn their names, nor where they belonged.

MADRID, *October* 28.

THE riches discovered at Senora in new Andalusia, on the coast of California, in South America, are immense. One gold mine has been discovered within 12 leagues of the Presidency del Atler, where, from 14 pits of the depth of only two feet, with very little labour, vast quantities of grains of gold have been found. Two other mines, equally rich, are discovered in its neighbourhood.

Venice, Oct. 28. The Russians, to the amount of 400 men, who debarqued at Syracovi, in the island of Negropont, did not meet with the success they promised themselves; on the contrary, letters from that place assure us that they were very roughly handled, that the greatest part of those that landed were cut in pieces by the natives, and that two of their vessels had been dismasted, and so greatly damaged, as to be obliged to throw great part of their artillery into the sea.

Petersburgh Nov. 1. The contagious distemper begins to abate at Moscow, where not above six hundred people now die in a day; whereas some time ago the number of those who daily fell victims to that terrible scourge amounted to upwards of a thousand.

Warsaw, Nov. 9. There have been two actions to the advantage of the Russians, one between Giurgewo and Buchareſt, and the other in the neighbourhood of Crajowa.

We this moment learn that the Russians have at length made themselves masters of Timiec.

LONDON,

Nov. 21. Speculative politicians already imagine that Corfica will be added to the Sardinian territories, and for two reasons; first of all to lessen the maritime power of France, and secondly, to give France another formidable neighbour of the maritime class. The Grand Monarque, indeed, will not readily listen to this, but his negative is of little importance in the general balance of Europe.

Extract of a letter from the Hague, Nov. 12.

"The last letters from Petersbourg advise, that by the wise precautions that were taken at Moscow on the breaking out of the plague there, the progress of that dreadful distemper is in a manner already stopt, so that very few people have died in that city lately. These letters add, that the dispatches which the Court of Russia received from that of Vienna were by no means satisfactory; insomuch, that there appears to be a great coolness between them, the real foundation of which is at present unknown to the public. These letters only mention, that the Court of Petersbourg is by no means pleased that the Court of Vienna should, without any intimation of her intention, take the Republick of Ragusa under her protection, and permit the ships of that Republick to hoist the Imperial flag, in order to protect them from any insult, and consequently from any molestation from the Russian fleet in the Archipelago.

Promoted.] Benjamin Bernard, Esq; to be Lieutenant-Colonel to the 23d regiment of foot, in the room of Lieutenant-Colonel Hennington, who retires. Harry Blunt, Esq; to be Major to the said regiment, in the room of Major Bernard, preferred. Lieutenant Rowland Mainwaring, of the 7th regiment of foot, to be a Captain in his Majesty's 1st or Royal regiment of foot.

A practical gardener in Dublin has favoured us with the following method, which has constantly proved successful, in preventing his turnips from being hurt by the fly, and in saving the seed from being devoured by the birds:—He spreads coal-ashes the day after sowing, lightly over the plot of ground, which answers the purpose effectually.

Nov. 26. Mr. Alderman Townshend has paid the land-tax charged on his estates in the country; and consequently all proceedings in that affair are dropt.

Mr. Dyson, the collector of the land-tax for Tottenham division, on Mr. Townsend's refusal to pay the said tax, had seized his hay and several utensils in husbandy which lay in the out-buildings, taken an inventory of them, and put a man into possession. Mr. Townsend not replevying as was expected, within the time limited by law for that purpose, the collector was about to dispose of the effects, and had ordered the bellman to proclaim the sale throughout the parish, when Mr. Townsend redeemed them by paying the sum, for the non-payment of which the seizures had been made.

By a gentleman just arrived from France, we are informed, that what must add to the wonder of the public in the marriage of the D. of C. with Mrs. H——n is, that she is now seven months advanced in her pregnancy. The child, if it survives, will be entitled to a large fortune through his father's relations, the late Mr. H——n not having been dead above six months.

Yesterday a petition was delivered to Lord Rochford, in behalf of Mr. Eyre, who on Saturday last was sent off with the rest of the transports.

The following anecdote is communicated to us for an article of intelligence:—During the administration of Sir Robert Walpole, a Scotch Colonel, who had assisted Government very frequently in some Northern elections, was greatly caressed by that able Statesman, and repeatedly desired when any office became vacant, that he would immediately apply for it. This was an advice which the bonny Scot held too agreeable to neglect; he therefore applied for place after place, as it fell, but was constantly told with a tone of great concern, that it was that moment unfortunately disposed of; however, that he should certainly have the very next which dropped. The Archbishop of Canterbury at length dying the Colonel repaired to Downing-street, and requested an audience of the Minister. This being granted, "Sir Robert (says he) the Archbishop of Canterbury is dead, and you promised me positively the first place which dropped." I did so, my dear friend, (returned the Knight) but I meant the next place which was fit for you; remember, you are a military man, and the See of Canterbury requires an ecclesiastic—ha! ha! ha— you Archbishop of Canterbury! Excuse me, my dear friend, I must laugh a little, faith I must"—"Laugh as much as you please, Sir, Robert (retorted the Scot) so you give me the See: you have made Judges of jockies, Privy Counsellors of pandars, and may make an Archbishop of a soldier, especially as the last you know, is an employment always executed by deputy." Sir Robert finding the Scotchman was not to be shaken off, made him a Gentleman of the Bed Chamber, and he retired perfectly satisfied with his 500l. a year.

Nov. 26. It is said that a body of 12,000 land forces are to be kept on foot in America, to consist of 15 regiments in the pay of Great-Britain, and 10 regiments of the provincials in the pay of the colonies.

Extract of a letter from Port-Egmont, in Falkland's-Island, Sept. 27, 1771.

"On our arrival here, we found the Spaniards in possession of the place, and their colours flying; since which it has been delivered to our Commodore in form, agreeable to the Convention, except the cannon (there were but four) and stores, all which they have taken away and sent to Buenos Ayres. The climate seems very healthy and agreeable."

Dec. 3. They write from Gibraltar, that the Tunisian Corsairs have taken a Danish man of war of 50 guns, and carried her into Tunis.

Orders are given for several merchant ships to be engaged in the river as transports, to proceed to Ireland, and be loaded with provisions for the use of his Majesty's West-India garrisons.

Yesterday a great quantity of new halfpence was shipt off on board the Generous Planter, Gadsden, outward bound for Virginia, for the use of the American colonies.

Dec. 12. Yesterday her Royal Highness the Princess of Brunswick appeared in the drawing-room at St. James's, for the first time since her arrival in England. Her Highness went in state, attended by the guards, after the same manner as the rest of the Royal Family.

The Neptune, from Nantucket, deemed a missing ship, is safe arrived at Dover.

Extract of a letter from the Russian fleet, dated Oct. 18, 1771.

"The campaign was not altogether inactive; several lucky descents have been made on the Asiatic coast, below Rhodes, in Negropont, in the bays of Counteſſa, Caſſandre and Volo. Great quantities of timber, cattle, and magazines of corn, have been taken, and what could not be carried away destroyed.

"A part of the Russian fleet is now at Imbro, in the sight of the castles of Dardanelles. The Turks do not seem to intend any attack upon it; they rather prefer to wait for defence; they are in constant work to fortify the coast of that channel, and to plant it with cannon, as much as they can."

The following toast is now very fashionable in Dublin: "May Dr. Clement administer the same potions to Courtiers, as his patriotic predecessor Dr. Lucas.

On Tuesday last died, and on Thursday was interred in his family vault in St. Martin's, in the Fields, Lucius O'Brien, Esq; Rear Admiral of the White, descended from an antient and noble family in Ireland, yet not more conspicuous on that account, than from his courage, conduct and experience, as an officer. In the ever memorable action in 1759, when the great French fleet, commanded by Conflans, was defeated by Sir Edward Hawke, he was cast away in the Essex of 70 guns, in the vigorous execution of his duty. He served under Admiral Rodney at the taking of Martinico, who sent him then commander of the Temple, with a small squadron, to reduce the Grenades, which service he effectually performed, entirely destroying or taking the French ships, and fortifications that defended them.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester is now at Rome; an express arrived from him on Tuesday last, and we hear that his Royal Highness's health is quite re establiſhed.

Dec. 16. Orders were on Saturday evening sent to his Majesty's dock-yards for fitting out with all expedition, one first rate, two second rates, and some other ships of the line; which, when ready for sea, are to sail for Jamaica to reinforce Admiral Rodney.

Canterbury, Nov. 26. On Monday —— Osborne, Esq; from Madrid, passed through this city on his road to London; who says, that Spain is making every warlike preparation, and at the same time is so exceedingly cautious of having their intentions divulged, that no strangers are admitted into their arsenals or docks, but every thing is kept as profound a secret as possible.

Bristol Dec. 29. All the marshes from Powderham-Castle, to Exmister, Devon, have been lately laid under water by the wind blowing a storm at South-East, nearly at the top of a spring tide, whereby 321 sheep, and a few young bullocks, were drowned; but the older bullocks, horses, and a great number of sheep, saved their lives by swimming to the higher lands.

DUBLIN, December 24.

By a letter from Shanecastle in the county of Antrim, we are well informed, that the Hearts of Steel have again began to be outrageous, having on Tuesday se'nnight, broke open the store of Mr. Ellis, and thereout took all the arms, ammunition, &c. and erected a gallows, which John O'Neil, Esq; immediately cut down; they then, erected another, and threatened his life.—The outrages committed by them cannot be ascertained as yet, as the number increases daily.

SAVANNAH, (Georgia) December 11.

Last Saturday night the dwelling house of John Martin, Esq; at Newport, was burnt to the ground, none of the family being at home, all his furniture, papers, &c. were entirely consumed.

The brigt. Polly, John M'Lean, Master, which sailed from this port the 10th of August last for Cowes, was lost in October on the coast of England, and all on board perished. Mr. Philemon Kemp, and Capt. Bartholomew Simnot, were passengers in said vessel.

CHARLES-TOWN, January 14.

The Commissioners of the silk manufacture, have shipped on board the ship Beaufain, Daniel Curling Master, for London, 455 lb. of exceeding fine raw silk, and 35 lb. of an ordinary quality, all of the growth and culture of Perrysburgh, in this province.

Saturday morning the jury who sat on the body of Capt. Coll. Mc Alpine, (late of the ship St. George) brought in their verdict, lunacy.

January 28. Upwards of three hundred people have lately arrived at Wilmington, in North Carolina, from the Isle of Sky, who intend to settle in that province.

Feb. 18. A letter received yesterday from St. Eustatius, dated Jan. 17, informs us, that "about three weeks before, the Spaniards took a schooner as she lay at Crab-Island loading with posts. Crab-Island is mentioned in the Governor of Tortola's commission as one of the Virgin-Islands under his command. Admiral Man sent down a frigate to demand the schooner and her crew, but the frigate returned Jan. 16, without either. The Spanish Governor told the Captain of the frigate that he had orders for what he did, and that he would continue to do as he had done, till his orders were countermanded. The British officers who went ashore were used like criminals, being put under a double guard of Spaniards as soon as they landed."

NEWBERN, (*North-Carolina*) January 31.

A vessel is arrived at the bar, bound up to Edenton, from the coast, with four hundred slaves on board.

In the Assembly December 21. On motion, resolved that a committee be appointed to draw up an address to his Majesty, the Lords and Commons of Great-Britain, setting forth, that this house, ever ready to support his Majesty's honour and dignity, have, with spirit and liberality, fallen upon a method to pay the great expence of the late expedition against the insurgents, in support of his Majesty's Government, but being restricted from emitting a paper currency, so as to be a legal tender in payment of debts, the only method they could, in the distressed situation of the country, fall upon, was by stamping debenture bills, as a temporary expedient, chargeable on the public treasury of this province; but as this expedient is attended with great inconvenience to the public, and those individuals who are to receive them may suffer injury from their depreciation, and as such individuals are those who have, at the hazard of their lives, stood in support of his Majesty's Government and the constitution of this colony, to pray, that in consideration of these people, as well as of the situation of this province, labouring under the greatest distress for want of a currency, the Act of Parliament against issuing a paper currency may be repealed, as far, at least, as respects this colony. And that in the address the committee set forth, that the house will frame this law so as to prevent British creditors from suffering, should such currency depreciate in value. And Mr. Howe, Mr. Harnett, and Mr. Maurice Moore, are appointed a committee accordingly,

NEWPORT, February 24.

By a gentleman from Connecticut, we are informed, that a few days past as a drover was returning from Boston to Connecticut, with a considerable sum of money about him; two men waylay'd and killed him; but while they were robbing and burying him, a sled came upon them, in which were several men, who pursued the murderers and had them confined in Worcester gaol in an hour after the murder was committed.

NEW-LONDON, February 21.

Last Tuesday Capt. Angel arrived here in 33 days from Guadaloupe. Capt. Fanning from this port arrived at Dominica in about 40 days, with the loss of all his horses. Capt. Griffing of Killingsworth, is arrived at Guadaloupe with the loss of 14 oxen. A sloop belonging to Sag-harbour, Long-Island, was arrived at Guadaloupe, having in her passage from the eastward to Sag-harbour, been blown off the coast; before the sloop got into port she ran on a reef of rocks off Port Louis, but did not receive much damage; (—— Foster, was master or passenger on board said sloop). Capt. Wilson is arrived at Antigua, Capt. Braddock (with the loss of 5 oxen and a horses) at Guadaloupe, and Capt. Leeds at St. Eustatia, all from this port. Capt. Brown in a brig belonging to Stonington, is arrived at Grenada.

PHILADELPHIA, *February* 24.

From the Pennsylvania Chronicle.

Inserted by particular Desire.

They write from Charlestown, that on the 1st inst. departed this life, after a tedious indisposition, which he bore with

the utmoſt fortitude and reſignation, JOHN HUGHES, Eſq; collector of his Majeſty's cuſtoms for that port.——This Gentleman was juſtly entitled to the character of a loyal ſubject, an affectionate huſband, a tender father, a faithful friend, an agreeable companion, and a punctual honeſt man in his dealings. Notwithſtanding his promotion aroſe from an unpopular circumſtance, he conducted himſelf in ſo diſintereſted and juſt a manner, as to gain the general applauſe and eſteem of a humane, grateful and generous people, who regret his death as a heavy loſs to the province of South-Carolina. His remains were interred with peculiar marks of diſtinction and reſpect.——[*The treachery of Mr. Hughes's* nominal *friends in this province, at a very intereſting criſis in his affairs, is now well known to many, and has fixed a* STAMP *of indelible diſgrace on their characters; however providence ſo ordered matters, that while Mr. Hughes experienced the affection of his countrymen returning to* him, *he ſaw a* Galloway *and a* Wharton † *ſinking into the loweſt depths of* infamy *and* contempt.]

† J. Galloway, *and* T. Wharton, *Jun. Printers, land j.bbers, politicians, &c. &c. &c.*

PHILADELPHIA, February 27.

By Capt. Allen, from Barbados, we learn, that the ſchooner George, Capt. Sibbald, from Newfoundland for this place, on the 5th of December, in lat. 39, long. 72, met with a violent gale of wind at N. W. which laſted two days, and obliged him to lie to a hull, when the wind ſhifting, a ſea ſtruck the veſſel, and overſet her, carried away the boat, companion, binnacle, and every thing off the deck, ſhifted the ballaſt, and ſtove all the water caſks in the hold, ſtarted the lower deck, and carried away all his ſails, except the foreſail and jib; but by cutting away her foremaſt ſhe righted again, tho' half full of water; in which diſmal condition they continued (having no other proviſion than the ſalt fiſh that floated about the hold, nor any water but what the heavens afforded) till the 20th, when they were luckily met with by Capt. Steel, from this port for Barbados, who took them on board, 21 ſouls in all, among whom were a woman and child, and carried them in with him.

Capt. Robinſon, from London, on the 20th ult. in lat. 28: 45, 45: 23, ſpoke a ſchooner, Capt. Lightburn, from New-York for Guiana; and on the 2d inſtant, in lat. 22: 50, long. 57: 32, he ſpoke the ſhip Britannia, Capt. Walding, from New-York for Barbados, out 19 days, all well.

Capt. Bulkeley, from Liſbon, on the 23d of laſt month, in lat. 28: 20, long. 41, ſpoke the ſchooner Warwick, Capt. Lightfoot, from New-York to Cayenne, 22 days out.

Capt. Mullet, from St. Chriſtophers, informs, that a ſhip, Capt. Belton, from Briſtol for Boſton, being blown off the coaſt, is arrived at that iſland.

Two ſloops from New-York, one commanded by Captain Pell, are arrived at Barbados, and are gone to Grenada.

By His Excellency

WILLIAM FRANKLIN, Eſq; Captain General, Governor and Commander in Chief in and over the Province of New-Jerſey, and Territories thereon depending in America, Chancellor and Vice-Admiral in the ſame, &c.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS his Majeſty hath been graciouſly pleaſed to give his Royal Aſſent to an Act of the Legiſlature of this Province, paſſed at Perth-Amboy, in the Eighth Year of his Majeſty's Reign, entitled, "An Act for chooſing Repreſentatives in the Counties of Morris, Cumberland and Suſſex, and directing the Morris County Taxes to be paid into the Eaſtern Treaſury of this Colony," whereby the Inhabitants of each of the ſaid Counties of Morris, Cumberland and Suſſex, are intitled and empowered to chooſe two Repreſentatives to ſerve in the General Aſſembly of this Colony. AND WHEREAS the Election of the Repreſentatives for the ſaid three Counties, purſuant to the ſaid Act, cannot be had till after the Diſſolution of the preſent General Aſſembly: I HAVE THEREFORE thought fit, by and with the Advice and Conſent of his Majeſty's Council, to diſſolve the preſent General Aſſembly of this Province of New-Jerſey, and the ſaid General Aſſembly is hereby diſſolved, of which all Perſons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themſelves accordingly.

Given under my Hand and Seal at Arms, in the City of Burlington, the Twenty-firſt Day of February, in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of George *the Third, by the Grace of* GOD, *of* Great Britain, France, *and* Ireland, *King, Defender of the Faith, &c.* Anno Domini, 1772.

WILLIAM FRANKLIN.

By his Excellency's Command,

CHARLES PETTIT, D. Secry.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Writs are iſſued for the Election of Members to ſerve in the General Aſſembly of New Jerſey, returnable on the ſecond Day of April next.

NEW-HAVEN, February, 21.

Laſt Saturday night, the dwelling houſe of Mr. Edward Rockwell, of Middletown, weaver, was conſumed by fire, together with all the proviſions, clothing, and furniture, with five looms, and other implements, for carrying on the weaving buſineſs. The fire had got to ſo great a head before it was diſcovered, that it was with the utmoſt difficulty that the family eſcaped with their lives. Mr. Rockwell was much burnt, the fire having begun in his room; two young women, his daughters, were taken out at a window, who were obliged to go bare-foot half a mile, on the cruſted ſnow, to the neareſt neighbour, by which their feet and legs were very much torn; a young man ſav'd his life, by jumping out of a chamber window, on a bed, which was the only article that was ſav'd out of the houſe, which was large and well-furniſhed.

NEW-YORK, March 5.

On Wedneſday laſt his Excellency the Governor, was pleaſed to give his Aſſent to the nineteen following Acts, viz.

An *Act* for making a further Proviſion of Two Thouſand Pounds, for furniſhing his Majeſty's Troops quartered in this Colony with Neceſſaries for one Year.

An *Act* for collecting the Duty of Exciſe on ſtrong Liquors retailed in this Colony, from the firſt Day of February, 1772, to the firſt Day of February, 1773, inclusive.

An *Act* to lay a Duty of Tonnage on Veſſels, for defraying the Expence of the Light Houſe at Sandy-Hook.

An *Act* to regulate the Sale of Goods at public Vendue, Auction, or Outcry, within this Colony.

An *Act* for the better preventing frivolous and vexatious Suits.

An *Act* to confirm certain Acts and Orders made by Juſtices of the Peace, being of the Quorum, notwithſtanding any Defect in not expreſſing therein that ſuch Juſtices of the Peace are of the Quorum.

An *Act* to revive an Act, intitled, An Act to prevent Frauds in Bar Iron expoſed for Sale in this Colony.

An *Act* further to continue An Act, entitled, An Act to reſtrain Hawkers and Pedlars within the Colony, from ſelling without Licence.

An *Act* to amend an Act, entitled, An Act for the better Determination of perſonal Actions depending upon Accounts.

An *Act* to revive and continue an Act, entitled, An Act for the more effectual Prevention of Fires in the City of New-York.

An *Act* to enable the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Commonalty of the City of Albany, for the Time being, or the major Part of them, to order the raiſing a Sum not exceeding One Hundred and Fifty Pounds, for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

An *Act* to extend to the County of Weſtcheſter, An Act, entitled An Act to appoint Inſpectors of Flour, and Repackers of Beef and Pork, in the ſeveral Counties therein mentioned.

An *Act* to enable the Juſtices, Church Wardens, and Veſtry of the Pariſh of Weſtcheſter, in the County of Weſtcheſter, to raiſe a Sum not exceeding Five Hundred Pounds, for the Purpoſes therein mentioned.

An *Act* to extend an Act, entitled, An Act for the better Regulation of the public Inns and Taverns in the County of Ulſter and Orange, to the City and County of Albany, with an Addition thereto.

An *Act* to amend an Act, entitled, An Act for returning neat Cattle and Sheep to their Owners, ſo far as it relates to Suffolk, Queen's and Weſtcheſter Counties.

An *Act* to prevent the Uſe of Spirituous Liquors at Vendues in the Counties of Ulſter and Orange.

An *Act* to revive and continue an Act, entitled, An Act for laying out, regulating, and keeping in Repair common and public Highways in the County of Cumberland.

An *Act* for regulating Inns and Taverns in the County of Cumberland. And,

An *Act* for confirming to Zebulon Williams, ſecond Son of Temperance, the Daughter of John Williams, late of Jericho, in the Bounds of Oyſterbay, in Queen's County, in the Province of New-York, Yeoman, deceaſed; and to Robert Williams, ſecond Son of Hannah, another Daughter of the ſaid John Williams, who were heretofore reſpectively called Zebulon Seaman and Robert Seaman, the Sirname of Williams, which they have lately reſpectively aſſumed, conformable to the laſt Will and Teſtament of the ſaid John Williams, deviſing to them certain Lands in the Townſhip of Oyſterbay, in the Pariſh of Hempſtead.

Laſt Saturday Week George Crawford and John Anderſon, having Occaſion to bring ſome Wheat from Rodman's Iſland, oppoſite New Rochelle, in the Sound, in a Canoe, the Wind blowing freſh, after they puſhed from Shore, a Diſpute aroſe between them whether they ſhould proceed, or put back for the Iſland, but by Means of their paddling againſt each other, they overſet the Craft, and were both drowned, ſo near the Shore, that when the Tide fell one of their Bodies were taken up on the dry Sand, and the other in about two Feet Water only.

Friday Night laſt a Seafaring Man, named John Rea, belonging to the Ship Lucy, Capt. Anderſon, of Liverpool, in going on board the Veſſel, in this Harbour, fell into the Dock, and notwithſtanding he was but a very ſhort Time in the Water, was drowned.

A Man named Richardſon, who uſed to ſell Oyſters in this City, was alſo drowned laſt Week in this Harbour.

The Brig Conolly, Capt. Miller, from Dublin for Philadelphia, that was ſuppoſed to be loſt on the Coaſt of Wales in October laſt, is arrived at the Iſland of Antigua, having been blown off this Coaſt.

The Ship Grace, Capt. Chambers, of this Port, is arrived at Briſtol, after a Paſſage of 26 Days.

A Schooner from New-England for Topſham, drove from her Anchors, in the Iſland of Scilly, the 7th of December laſt.

The Mercury Packet, Capt. Dillon, is to ſail this Day, with the Mail for Falmouth.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, New-York, INWARD ENTRIES.

Snow Pitt, M. M'Shane, from St. Chriſtophers. Sloop Chariſſa, G. Collins, North-Caroliſſa; Maria, S. Thompſon, St. Thomas.

OUTWARD.—Ship Counteſs of Donnegal, J. Pym, for Liſbon; Lucy, J. Anderſon, Jamaica. Brig Hero, J. Johnſon, Barcelona; Liberty, J. Prince, Cayanne. Sloop Charles-Town, W. Whetton, St. Martins. Schooner Two Brothers, G. May, North-Caroling; Betſy, T. Ellis, New-Providence; Sally, G. Stewart, St Auguſtine.

CLEARED.—Brig Johnſon, B. Jolyne, to Jamaica; Recovery, W. Steel, Virginia. Sloop Rockingham, N. Watſon, Barbados; John and Elizabeth, T. Sanders, St. Chriſtophers; Betſy, W. Robertſon, Madeira; Pennſylvania Farmer, T. Wood, St. Croix. Schooner St. George, T. Waugh, Gibraltar.

SHAW and LONG,

At their Store between Burling's and Beekman's-Slip,

HAVE imported in the Lucy, Capt. Anderſon, from Liverpool, a large and general aſſortment of Earthen and Glaſs Ware, which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable terms, for caſh or country produce, wholeſale or retail:——likewiſe the following articles,

MADEIRA WINE,	Geneva,
Teneriff do.	Brandy,
Claret in bottles,	Arrack,
Porter in do.	Hyſon, Green and Bohea Teas,
Muſcovado and loaf ſugars,	Chocolate.
Coffee,	
Spirits,	
Rum,	

A Parcel of Cheſhire CHEESE,

Which will be diſpoſed of very cheap, and ſundry other articles in the grocery way. 2a 2s

JARVIS ROEBUCK,

CORK CUTTER.

At the Foot of POT-BAKER's-HILL,

(Whence he intends, at May day, to remove to the houſe now occupied by Capt. Sinclair, next door to Mr. Jacobus Rooſevelt, and oppoſite to Mr. Victor Bicker, hatter, in Maiden-Lane, contiguous to the Fly-Market.)

HAS FOR SALE, as follows,

Long-French corks,	Swimming corks,
Beſt velvet, Do.	Jar,
Common fine, Do.	Stone, and
Phial, Do.	Snuff bottle, Do.
Brewers, Do.	Decanter, Do.
Corks ſoles, for ſhoes,	Floats for fiſhing nets.

Likewiſe CORK JACKETS,

The utility of which need no eulogium. Neat rattans, canes, ſupple jacks and ſhilalies, fit for gentle, or for ſimplemen. Were it not ſuperfluous, he would inform the public that he has a general aſſortment of dry goods, grocery, toys, and earthen ware. 2a 2s

N. B. a good aſſortment of Holland Bruſhes which he will ſell wholeſale and retail.

To be ſold at public Vendue, on Monday the 30th Day of March next, on the Premiſes, or at private Sale any Time before,

ALL that valuable Farm, lately the property of John Anderſon, Eſq; ſituated at Freehold, in the county of Monmouth and province of New-Jerſey, containing about 250 acres of very good land, and has on it a good large dwelling-houſe, two ſtories and a half high, three rooms on each floor, and a good cellar and kitchen, barn and out-houſes, two good orchards, about 45 acres of good meadow ground, and plenty of timber land. The ſaid farm is ſo ſituated as to meadow ground, orchards, and timber land, that it will ſuit very well to divide into two farms, and it will be ſold in two farms, or one, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers.

February 26, 1772. JAMES JAUNCEY, HUGH WALLACE, ALEX. WATSON, PETER FORMAN, PETER SCHENK, Aſſignees.

N. B. If any perſon inclines to purchaſe before the day of ſale, they may apply to Peter Schenk, in Somerſet, or to Peter Forman, in Monmouth county, who will agree on reaſonable terms, as to price or payment. 2a 2s

WILLIAM A. FORBES, *Saddler*,

HAS removed his ſhop from Peck-Slip, to the houſe lately occupied by John Young, Vendue-maſter, in the Broad-Way, nearly oppoſite to Hull's tavern, where he continues to carry on the Saddler's buſineſs in all its branches, in the neateſt Manner. He returns his hearty thanks to thoſe gentlemen who have been pleaſed to favour him with their commands. 2a 2s

To the ADVENTURERS in the *NEW-CASTLE* LOTTERY,

GENTLEMEN,

THE Severity of the Winter having ſtopt the Communication with ſeveral Places in this and the neighbouring Colonies, to which Tickets of the New-Caſtle Lottery have been ſent for Sale, and made travelling to ſuch Places difficult, and conſequently leſs frequent than uſual; ſo that Information could not be had of the Fate of the Tickets ſent to thoſe Places, in Time to be ready to draw that Lottery at the Time fixed. Theſe Impediments will ſoon be removed, and 'tis hoped they will apologize to you for poſtponing the Drawing to the TWENTY-THIRD DAY OF MARCH NEXT, when you may be aſſured the Drawing ſhall abſolutely begin, and continue every Day (Sundays excepted) till the Whole be completed. All Perſons who have Tickets of that Lottery to ſell, except thoſe who reſide in New-Caſtle, are hereby deſired to ſend the Tickets unſold, (if any they have) without Loſs of Time, by Poſt, or ſome other ſafe Conveyance, to the Perſons from whom they received thoſe Tickets: In Default thereof, they will be conſidered as ſold. They are alſo deſired to take the Numbers of the Tickets that may be returned, to prevent the bad Conſequences of a Miſcarriage. There are but 135 Tickets of that Lottery unſold in this City; therefore ſuch as intend to become Adventurers, are deſired to apply in Time, as the Sale is very rapid. 2a 2s

New-York, Feb. 29, 1772.

BY order of the honourable Daniel Horſmanden, Eſq; chief Juſtice of the province of New-York; notice is hereby given, that on the application of George Folliott, one of the creditors of Joſeph Anthony, late of Weſtcheſter county, yeoman, he did, in purſuance of an act of the governor, the council and the general aſſembly of the province of New-York, entitled, "An act to prevent frauds in debtors;" direct all the eſtate, real and perſonal, of the ſaid Joſeph Anthony, to be ſeized; and that unleſs he does return and diſcharge his debts, within three months next after this public notice given, all his eſtate that ſhall be ſo ſeized and taken, ſhall be ſold for the ſatisfaction of his creditors. Dated the ſeventeenth day of February, 1772. 2a 2s

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river from delivering their cargoes which came from any part of Ruſſia.

Dec. 5. The Two Brothers, Glynn, from South-Carolina to Liverpool, in ballaſt, was loſt ed at that Iſland, but don't learn their names, nor where they belonged.

POET'S CORNER.

The TRUE FRIEND.

HOW oft do those we think our friends,
Prove such but for some private ends!
How hard the task a friend to find,
To whom we may impart our mind;
One who can sympathize in woe,
And share the grief our bosoms know;
When fortune frowns or smiles, the same;
To serve his friend his only aim?
Oh grant me Heav'n! a friend like this,
To share my griefs, and taste my bliss.

WARDEN'S-OFFICE,

New-York, *February* 18 1772.

AN AMPLE REWARD for taking up and bringing to the Wardens of this Port the Buoy that was placed on the South West Spit of the East Bank, which was carried away by the Ice the 13th Instant.—It was seen on the back of Long-Island near Rockway, on Friday Last, and it is probable it will drive a-Shore on the Coast.

It is desired that the Person will take care of it that it does not get damaged, and that he will cause it to be brought to Town as soon as possible.

If it shall be discovered that any Person or Persons who finds it should Break it up, or otherwise Impair it, they may depend upon being prosecuted to the utmost Rigour of the Law provided for that purpose in this Session of the General Assembly.

Wardens { JOHN GRIFFITHS, DANIEL STILES, ANTHO. VANDAM.

20. 3

To have an Opportunity of making his Abilities more known, To the Advantage of those who wear

WATCHES.

THE advertiser will clean them, fit glasses, springs, inside chains; and perform every particular article in repairing, at *half the price*, charg'd by any other, and by taking on himself the future trouble, prevent the complaint, that these engines are an annual or continual expence.

And having had more practice, and general knowledge on new work than any yet in this country could have.—Those who are about to buy, sell, or change, may, by applying, be inform'd with certainty, the first cost, or value of any new, or old watch——Be cautious, there are many new watches imported, so [illegible] they cannot be render'd useful.

☞ Watches regulated, and such alterations which don't require much time; gratis.

J. SIMNET, WATCH-FINISHER, and Manufacturer, of *London*,

At the Dial, with a white Post, the low Shop, beside the Coffee-House Bridge, New-York. 20—

ISAAC ADOLPHUS,

At BURLING's-SLIP,

HAS for Sale, very fine Taunton Ale, and best Bristol Beer, in Bottles, by the Cask, or single Dozen; also North-River Butter by the Firkin. 5—

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Persons indebted to the Estate of Philip Verplanck, late of the manor of Cortlandt, and County of Westchester, deceased; on Bond, Note, or Book Debt, are desired to discharge the same with the Subscribers, as soon as possible, on or before the first Day of May next, to prevent Trouble: Also all Persons that have any Demands against said Estate, to bring in their Accounts to have them settled with

JAMES VERPLANCK, and PHILIP VERPLANCK. } Executors.

20—

WHEREAS the Communication between the capital places of New-York and Boston, is of the greatest public concern: The subscribers, living in Hartford, have projected a plan upon proper encouragement, for establishing a STAGE-COACH, for the conveyance of passengers through that beautiful part of the country of the upper Post road, to and from these places; and accordingly have actually built two neat Coaches, for structure and convenience equal (if not superior) to the Providence and Portsmouth Stage carriages, and purpose to set off from Hartford on the first Monday of May next, the one for New-York, the other for Boston, to drive four good able Horses; change the set at about half the distance between those places; to arrive in Boston Wednesday night; return out of Boston Thursday noon, and to reach Hartford Saturday night, so as to complete the whole distance from New-York to Boston in the course of one week, and for about the price of the hire of a single Horse. To prevent all altercation and needless delay, every passenger is to enter his name at some place that will be appointed for the purpose, and pay half his passage a convenient time before the hour appointed for the Coach to set off from each place respectively.

And the subcribers would inform any person in New-York and Boston, that if they are disposed to unite with them in their endeavour to serve the public by furnishing a Coach to make a day's journey out of their Towns upon the road, they will readily co-operate with them in this measure, and would be glad to receive from them the earliest notice of such intention, which will render the purchase of an additional number of Horses unnecessary to us.

JONATHAN BROWN,
NICHOLAS BROWN.

N. B. The STAGE-COACH will put up at, and set out from Mr. Hull's Tavern, in the Beard Way.

HALLETT and HAZARD,

Have just imported in the Ships Hope, Dutchess of Gordon, Lady Gage, and London, from London, a large assortment of Goods, which they will sell on the most reasonable Terms, at their Store in Hanover-Square, for Cash or on the usual Credit;

SHALLOONS
Ratinets
Calamancoes
Durants
Tammies
Lastings
Strip'd, check'd and clouded camblettees
Blue, green and brown broad camblets
Black and crimson figur'd worsted drawboys
Fine white figur'd do.
Bombazeen
Crapes
Colour'd and masquerade do.
Fine black and colour'd dorsetteens
Check'd and spotted Venetians
Fine figured cantoons
Do. cotton, fattinets, black, and white
Fine figur'd and corded dimity
Died pillows
Table cloths
Bed bunts and ticking
Cotton counterpanes
3-4, 7-8, yd. wide, yard and 3-8 and 8-4 checks
Buckrams
Glazed linens
Marking canvas
Printed linens
Callicoes, cottons
Chintzes
Cambricks
Plain, Pistol, Flower'd } Lawns
Tandem Silesias
Dowlas
Russia sheeting
Irish linen
White drilling
Silk and cotton romal, Bandannoe, Mallabar, Barcelona, Printed, Ghenting, Scots and Black gauze } handkerchiefs
Tiffany
Black, and white plain and figur'd gauzes
Alamode
Broad Persians
Peelong sattin
Black, white, blue and rose colour'd peelongs
India and English taffaties
Plain and striped muslin
Nankeens
Mens superfine white and marbled ribb'd worsted hose
Womens white and blue do.
Mens and womens thread and cotton do.
Black and coloured knit patterns
Black and colour'd silk and worsted mitts
Womens and childrens white and purple mitts and gloves
Black, colour'd and figur'd RIBBONS, a great variety
Silk ferrets
Quality, shoe and coat } Bindings

COATINGS
Frizes
Striped and rose blankets
Baizes
Bearskins

Gartering
Cap, apron and strip'd tapes
Knee garters
Scots and colour'd threads
Sewing silks
Fans and laces
Black and white laces
Dutch laces
Scarlet cord
Shirt buttons and bobbins
Wax and French pearl necklaces
Small black beads
4, 4½ lb. and large brass pins
Ivory combs
Gold basket
Campaign and Death head } Buttons
Gilt and lacquer'd buttons
Scarf twist
Black and white, and grey and white ermin
Chip hats
Temple and common spectacles
Looking glasses
Thimbles
Sewing and darning needles
Snuff boxes
Writing, bonnet and press paper
Wafers, ink powder
Testaments
Blank books
Brass ink pots
Shoe and knee buckles and chapes
Cutteaus, penknives
Knives and forks
Cork screws
Plain and jointer irons
Hammers, augers
Saws, iron squares
Gimblets, gouges
Chisels, firmers
Box rules
Compasses
Awl hafts and blades
Shoe knives
Nippers, pincers
Bridle bits
Saddlers setts
Stirrop irons
Curry combs
Girth and straining webb
Globe, tuff, chain and staple nails
Half hunters and twig whips
Small nails, tacks and brads
Iron and card wire
Hinges, locks
Sash pullies and lines
Bed and wood screws
Brass cocks
Candlesticks
Handles and escutcheons
Thumb latches, knob do.
Brass knobs
Cloak pins
Shovels and tongs
Fish hooks, knitting pins
Iron mills to grind Indian corn
Long and short frying pans
Black-smiths vises
Anvils, spades
Shovels, mill saws
Sad irons
Blister'd steel
Milled lead—Nails, glass
Brass kettles, &c.
Corks, nutmegs

A very large assortment of
Rugs and coverlids
Bath coatings
Blue, scarlet, crimson and mix'd broad cloths
Shot, &c. 3—

THOMAS PEARSALL,

Has just imported in the last Vessels from London, Bristol, Liverpool, and Hull, the following Goods, which he proposes to sell on very low Terms, for Cash or the usual Credit, viz.

RED, blue and mix'd grey 6-4 coatings
Blue, green and mix'd grey 6-4 knaps
Narrow coating of various colours
Narrow knap'd do.
Blue and mix'd grey yd. wd. serge coatings
Blue and mix'd serges
Blue, green, pink and yellow baizes
Blue, blue grey, mix'd and brown broad cloths
A quantity of scarlet broad cloths for cloaks
Forrest cloths
Hunters do.
White Kendal cottons
9-4, and 9-4 rose blankets
Striped blankets
Red, yellow, white and scarlet flannels
Blue, green and cloth colour'd worsted plushes
Drab and light colour'd hair plushes
A quantity of blue, green and brown camblets, of various colours for cloaks
Black and blue everlastings
Black flower'd drawboys
½ yard striped, flowered and clouded worsted lutestrings
¼, and yard wide striped do.
Venetian poplins
Yard wd. Venetian ground Mecklenburgs
Cross-bar'd Russia
Dorsateens
Black, cloth, blue, green and pink tammies
Black, cloth, blue, green and pink durance
Black, cloth, blue, green, pink and white callamancoes
Black, cloth, green, blue, red and crimson shalloons
Black, cloth & blue ratinets
Green moreens
Pillows, jeans and thicksets
Black and cloth coloured breeches patterns
Mens black and mix'd grey worsted hose
Womens worsted and cotton hose
Womens worsted & silk mitts
Do. plain and flower'd purple mitts
Do. fine white ground lamb gloves and mitts
Do. cloth colour'd do.
Do. black shammy gloves
Mens black shammy gloves
Do. wash leather do.
Do. crimson and tann'd sattin ditto
Do. fine colour'd lamb do.
Mens cotton & worsted caps
¼, and yd. wd. Irish linens
11 nail and ¼ linen checks
Furniture checks
¼, yd. wd. and yard and ¼ cotton checks
Turkey stripes
Striped Hollands
Osnaburgs
Ravens and Russia duck
Russia sheeting
9-4 Flanders bed ticks
Marking canvas
Dowlasses, double Silesias
Cambricks and lawns
Silesia clear lawns
Flower'd lawns
A quantity of callicoes, cottons and chintzes of newest patterns

White bordered Ghenting handkerchiefs
Blue and white Scotch do.
New and large romal do.
Black Barcelona do.
Sickersoy do.
Black and white crapes
Black bombazeens
Minionets
Black, brown, red and blue ell wide Persians
Black and white narrow Persians
Black, brown & blue taffeties
White farsnet
Plain black alamode
Blue, white and black flowered and spotted peelong
Plain black peelongs and satins
Womens black velvet
Hat-band crape and tiffany
Black paduasoy and sattin ribbons
Black and white spotted do.
Figured and tinsel do.
Black silk ferrits
Black, blue, crow and cloth colour'd balladine sewing silk
Black silk lace
Hambro' do.
Black and scarlet gimps
Black silk fringe
Black and cloth colour'd silk knee garters
Brown and white buckram
Chipt hats
Ivory and horn combs
Plain black and white cypress gauze
Plain black and white catgut
Flowered, spotted and fancy net white gauzes
Flowered and spotted black gauzes
A large quantity of common, middling, and best basket buttons
Do. coat bindings, silk and hair and silk twist to match ditto
Do. shoe and quality bindings
Turkey, Highland and tolley gartering
Wire & mould shirt buttons
Mace, cinnamon
Cloves and nutmegs
4, and 4 ½ lb. pins
Minnekin pins
Large brass do.
Thin, middling, and thick press-papers, or pasteboard
Writing paper from 24s. to 32s. per ream
Primers, spelling books
Testaments and bibles
Sailors round caps
Mens and boys felt hats
Looking glasses from 10s. to £.5 per piece
Nests brass kettles
10d. 12d. and 20d. nails
6 by 8, 7 by 9, and 8 by 10 window glass
Copperas
Knives and forks
Cutteaus
Barlow's penknives
Common sewing and darning needles
White Chapel do.
Knitting pins
Pint and half, and quart tea pots
Best London pewter dishes, plates and basons
Hard metal table spoons

Said PEARSALL has also for Sale,
RED CLOVER, and TIMOTHY SEED, of the present Year's growth. 150—

Carolina Pink-Root,

AN Article in considerable Esteem from its efficacy in destroying Worms, is frequently, by Mercenary Persons employ'd to collect it, mixed with other Herbs strongly resembling in Appearance the true Sort, but of quite different Properties and Effect, whence those alarming Fits, Convulsions, &c. which often attend the use of it with Children.

To guard against such Deception, and Consequences, I have, thro' the Assistance of a Friend, well skilled in Botany, procur'd a Quantity that can be warranted as the genuine Plant.——To be Sold at my Store nearly Opposite the Coenties Market, which is constantly supplied with the best of Drugs and Medicines, and where Country and Sea Orders are properly executed, Physician's and Family Prescriptions faithfully prepared and the Favours properly acknowledged.

20, 24. THOMAS BRIDGEN ATWOOD.

To be SOLD, or LET,

Upon very reasonable Terms,

TWO convenient Houses, the upper End of Stone-Street.—Inquire of

19 22 DAVID CLARKSON.

TO BE LET,

THE *House, Garden, and the whole FARM, or only Part, as will best suit the Tenant, situate at Greenwich, one Mile and an half from Town; to be entered upon the 10th of April next. He may have the Garden as soon as the Spring opens. For Conditions, inquire of Mr. DAVID JOHNSTON, the present Tenant, or OLIVER DE LANCEY, at Greenwich.* 19—

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office on HUNTER'S-QUAY, *Rotton-Row*, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion.

CONSTANTINOPLE, October 3.

THERE are letters here from Aleppo, which adviſe, that freſh troubles have broke out in Syria, and that Oſman Pacha, Governor of Damaſcus, having at the head of ten thouſand men encountered Scheic Bahar of Acre, the Commander of Egat and the ally of Ali Bey, he has been ſo roughly handled, that he was forced to retire to Damaſcus with a handful of his ſoldiers.

Peterſburgh, Oct. 26. The day before yeſterday the Deputies from the Crimean Tartars had an audience of the Empreſs, at which they preſented her Highneſs with a writing, containing the ſubmiſſion of their nation to Ruſſia.

Boſtia, Oct. 28. A large French detachment, which was going to Ajaccio, hath been ſurpriſed and defeated by the mountaineers. The carnage was great; and the few who remained alive were obliged to ſurrender at diſcretion. For the officers amongſt them, a ranſom is demanded of ſix thouſand louis-d'ors. The French government, to recover their officers, ſome of whom are wounded, have offered two thouſand louis, and the liberty of divers Corſican families who are now in priſon; but thoſe banditti will not bate a tittle of their firſt demand. They took 22 mules laden with baggage and proviſions, as well as the military cheſt which was under the convoy of this detachment.

The Count de Marbeuf, on hearing of the above affair, immediately ſet out at the head of 3000 men, and hath iſſued a proclamation, promiſing the rank of officers, and other rewards to ſuch Corſicans as ſhall diſtinguiſh themſelves in diſlodging thoſe perturbators of the public repoſe.

'Tis reported that France offers to reſtore to the Genoeſe the five ſtrong places of this kingdom, provided the latter will repay the immenſe expences which his moſt Chriſtian Majeſty hath been at in the project of ſubduing it; whilſt the ſovereignty over the new-built villages is to remain with the King of France.

Paris, Nov 9. The celebrated watchmaker Mr. Le Roy, has finiſhed the time-piece, which he invented for determining the longitude; and a trial of it is to be made ſoon by Mr. Pingre and the Chevalier de Borda, who are to embark for that purpoſe on board the Flora, in order to make their aſtronomical obſervations at the Canaries, Madeira, Cape de Verd, Martinico, St. Domingo, in Iceland, and in part of the North.

The proteſt ſigned by 65 Members of the old Parliament of Rennes, is one of the ſtrongeſt that has yet appeared relative to the preſent proceedings.

Paris, Nov. 8. By ſome converſation which has paſſed lately, there is ſome hope of a reconciliation between the King and the Princes of the Blood, through the mediation of the Duke de Penthievre, the Marſhal Prince de Soubiſe, and the Duke de Nivernois.

Hamburgh, Nov. 29. M. Groſſe, who reſides in this city, in quality of Miniſter from Ruſſia, has received from Baron Saldren, the Ruſſian Ambaſſador at Warſaw, the copy of a letter from Major Gen. Kreczernicoff, dated Nov. 13, giving the following account of the ſucceſs of the Ruſſian arms, under Field Marſhal Count Romanzoff.

" Major Gen. Geiſſman having paſſed the Danube at the head of a conſiderable body of troops, the Turks, who compoſed the garriſons of Tulcza, Babadagh, Iſaccia, Teſchin, Koſſof, and Baſbin, ſeized with a pannic on their approach, abandoned thoſe fortreſſes, of which our troops took poſſeſſion. The booty is immenſe. Gen. Weiſſman, however, has ſince thought proper to blow up all thoſe fortreſſes. Beſides theſe advantages, Lieutenant General Eſſen attacked a body of Turks poſted near Giurgewo, and put them to the rout, whilſt Prince Dolgorucki rendered himſelf maſter of Giurgewo with very little loſs."

Other accounts ſay, that the remains of the body of Turks attacked near Giurgewo, together with the garriſons of the fortreſſes they had abandoned, had retired with the Grand Vizir towards Adrianople, and that the grand Turkiſh magazine and above 150 pieces of cannon, were found in Giurgewo.

LONDON.

Nov. 9. *No war with Spain* was yeſterday under-written at Lloyd's at twelve per cent. for 35 weeks, and many people of eminence confidently aſſert, that the Hawke ſchooner, taken by order of the Spaniſh Governor, was actually employed on a ſmuggling ſcheme, which made her a capture perfectly reaſonable by the ſtricteſt law of nations.

Nov. 12. The ſeizure of his Majeſty's veſſel, and the detention of many Engliſh ſubjects in the Spaniſh Weſt-India priſons, will probably revive the cry of *No ſearch*, which was general about 30 years ago, not only among the people, but by the legiſlature, as appears by the following reſolution which the houſe of Lords came to upon that occaſion, after a long examination of the merchants, conſideration of treaties, &c.

" Reſolved that the ſubjects of Great-Britain have a clear and undoubted right to navigate in the American ſeas, to and from any part of his Majeſty's dominions, and for carrying on ſuch trade and commerce as they are juſtly intitled to in America; and alſo to carry all ſorts of goods, merchandize, and effects, from one part of his Majeſty's dominions to any other part thereof; and that no goods, being ſo carried, are, by any treaty ſubſiſting between the Crowns of Great-Britain and Spain, to be deemed or taken as contraband or prohibited goods; and that the ſearching of ſuch ſhips on the open ſeas, under pretence of their carrying prohibited or contraband goods, is a violation and infraction of the treaties ſubſiſting between the two crowns."—— The Reſolution to which the Houſe of Commons came, on the 30th of March, 1738, is nearly the ſame.

Sir Ralph Payne, who goes out on Thurſday next Governor of the Caribbee Iſlands, is a Weſt-Indian by birth, a gentleman of diſtinguiſhed abilities, and married to a beautiful foreigner of a noble family, who ſome time ago accompanied the King of Poland's ſiſter on a viſit to this country.

A correſpondent obſerves, that if the petition to Parliament for the removal of ſubſcription to the 39 articles has met with a cold reception at Cambridge, it had a *warm* one at Oxford.

Nov. 14. On Monday afternoon an order came from the Cuſtom-houſe to prevent the ſhips, now lying in the river from delivering their cargoes which came from any part of Ruſſia.

A clergyman of one of the city churches, on Sunday laſt, in the prayer for the r—l family, inſtead of the words "Holy Spirit," ſaid, Endue them with "more ſenſe," which the church-warden over-hearing, we are told, intends making ſome ſtir in the affair.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, Nov. 4.

" They write from Rennes, that on the 23d of laſt month, the day on which the members of that parliament had received, orders to come there, great numbers of them arrived, and after mature deliberation, 48 of them ſigned a proteſt againſt whatever ſhould be done againſt their body, and the next day 24 more joined in the ſame proteſt. In the afternoon of that day, the Duke de Fitz-James, and Mr. Baſtard, Counſellor of State, arrived, and orders were given in the night for the parliament to meet the 25th. The gates of the palace were locked and guarded, that no perſon, except thoſe who had a right, might go in. As ſoon as the parliament met, the Duke de Fitz-James ſaid, that he came there in obedience to the King's commands, and to execute ſome orders which Mr. Baſtard would explain to them. This Mr. Baſtard proceeded to do, and did not ſpare to tell them, that the behaviour of the parliament, and the diſturbances in the province, which many of the members had contributed to, had brought upon them their diſgrace. When he had finiſhed his ſpeech, ſome arrets of ſuppreſſion were read, and the members would have entered into debate; but letters de cachet were delivered to them, forbiding them ſo to do. Afterwards ſome eraſements were made, and the above proceedings were regiſtered, when the members went home; where other letters de cachet were ſent to them, ordering them not to ſtir out, nor ſee any body at home till further orders. On the 26th the magiſtrates of the parliament received letters of exile, except 17 of them, who make part of the new parliament; the edict for the creation of which was regiſtered the ſame day, in an aſſembly which met for that purpoſe, and conſiſted of 60 magiſtrates."

Letters from France mention, that by an eſtimate of the number of officers and members of parliament exiled from the different parliaments of that kingdom, they do not amount to leſs than 700.

Accounts are ſaid to be received, which mention, that the Spaniſh Governor on the Muſquito ſhore had been found tampering lately with the Indians, to ſpirit them up againſt the Engliſh; advice of which had been ſent to the Governor of Jamaica, and that in conſequence thereof a man of war of 60 guns is ordered to be ſtationed off that coaſt.

On Tueſday night ſome freſh inſtructions were ſent to the Governors of Guernſey, Jerſey, Alderney, Iſle of Man, &c. for all ſhips that come from infected places, to perform quarantine, to prevent the plague being brought into this kingdom.

Highly to the honour of the Dublin citizens, intimations are publiſhed in their news papers, declaring that any candidate for that city who gives an entertainment will be conſidered as a corrupter, ſince it is a matter of indifference whether he addreſſes the diſſipation or the avarice of the conſtituents.

We are aſſured that a large number of the Dublin Electors have applied to Doctor Clements, the Vice Provoſt of Trinity college, entreating him to become a candidate for the late Doctor Lucas's ſeat, and promiſing themſelves to defray all the expences of the election.

The premium to underwrite a war with Spain is now advanced from twelve to fifteen gnineas for a year at the coffee-houſes round the Change; but notwithſtanding the advance, few ſeem inclined to venture on the affirmative ſide of the queſtion.

We are aſſured that a character, whoſe gender has been lately the object of much ſpeculation, is offered 5000l. to aſcertain the circumſtance of ſex, but will not conſent to ſatisfy the avarice or curioſity of wager-holders, without double the conſideration.

Nov. 19. By a private letter from a capital houſe in Amſterdam, we are informed that it is currently reported in that city, that the Regent of Perſia has declared war againſt the Engliſh, in conſequence of which two Engliſh veſſels have been ſeized in the Gulf of Perſia.

Notwithſtanding the numberleſs conjectures which have been publiſhed with reſpect to the author of Junius, we can aſſure the public that he ſtill remains concealed, and will in all probability continue ſo, as he has ſinned beyond the poſſibility of forgiveneſs from the Miniſtry.

Five thouſand three hundred pounds is the ſum accurately offered to a certain Chevalier for the deciſion of ſome late extraordinary wagers; ten thouſand is the price demanded for ſuch an inſtance of complaiſance; and it is imagined by the ſpeculatiſts at Lloyd's, that the terms will be at length complied with, as full 100,000l. is done upon this whimſical buſineſs.

Nov. 23. The eſtimate of the expence of ſupporting and maintaining the late augmentation on the military eſtabliſhment of Ireland, amounts to 69655l. 15s. 4d. for the two years laſt paſt, excluſive to all other military expences.

When Lady G. heard of the D. of C.'s marriage ſhe was ſo extremely affected as to fall into violent fits, which have frequently returned, and occaſioned her to be ſeveral times delirious; and her Ladyſhip is ſaid to have declared, that the D. had given his word of honour to make her his wife before the expiration of three months after ſhe ſhould be divorced.

We are informed, that the village of Brothertoft, in Lincolnſhire, which contained 73 families, in all about 218 ſouls, is entirely depopulated; the place being now inhabited by *one* tenant, and a number of armed men, who are kept to guard the new tenant's property, againſt the reſentment of the injured villagers and other poor commoners.

A reaſon, and a very ſenſible one, is aſſigned for the general prevalence of Preſbyterianiſm in America. The Preſbyterians are allowed to ordain their own clergy, whereas the Epiſcopalians are obliged to croſs the Atlantic at great expence, to procure ordination from the Biſhop of London, who is the general dioceſan of the Britiſh colonies; ſo that, beſides the great charge which many inclined to holy orders in the eſtabliſhed church are unable to bear, the riſque of life in two tedious voyages deters numbers from entering upon the clerical duties, and thoſe muſt of courſe flouriſh moſt, who are leaſt expoſed to ſuch difficulties.

Dec. 5. The Two Brothers, Glynn, from South-Carolina to Liverpool, in ballaſt, was loſt going over the Bar, at the former place, the Captain and crew were ſaved.

Dec. 7. Her Royal Highneſs the Dutcheſs of C—b—l—d has written a very affecting letter to her mother in law, to which ſhe has received a kind anſwer.

On Saturday laſt the grand jury for London, at the Old Bailey, found a bill againſt Joſhua Dudley, for wilful perjury, in making affidavit before the late Lord Mayor, Braſs Croſby, Eſq; that he was concerned in the fire at Portſmouth, by ſwearing that he was at ſuch and ſuch places at Portſmouth, on July the 14th and 24th in 1770, the contrary of which was fully proved by ſome reputable gentlemen at that place.

Letters by yeſterday's mail confirm the ſucceſs of the Ruſſians againſt Giurgewo, and the taking the ſeveral towns mentioned lately, which had been abandoned by the Turks; and that they look upon it that this ſtroke will terminate the campaign.

The Captain of a veſſel arrived on Saturday from Leghorn, reports that his Sardinian Majeſty has been lately ſeized ſuddenly with a fit of the palſy, at his palace of Veneria, about ſix miles from Turin, where he was attended by his Phyſicians.

Advice is received that the St. Amand, a French man of war of ſixty guns, bound from Breſt to Martinico, laden with guns, ammunition, and other warlike ſtores, is totally loſt within a few leagues of Martinico, and all the crew drowned.

It is reported that the treaty of commerce in agitation between the Engliſh and Ruſſians is objected to by the Swediſh Ambaſſador, the final deciſion will ſoon be known, as a Meſſenger is diſpatched to Stockholm.

A reſolution was taken at the laſt Board of Admiralty, that no Foreigner ſhould be admitted into any dock-yard, fort, or any works, without previous leave obtained from the Governors.

Extract of a letter from Warſaw, Nov. 6.

" The following are ſome further particulars relative to the late attempt on the life of the King of Poland:

" Lukaſki, chief of the aſſaſſins, and who tore from the King the order of Pruſſia, ordered Koſinſki to give the King the *coup de grace*.

" Koſinſki led the King into the wood of Marimont, to make an end of him there, but hearing the noiſe of horſemen, who, indeed, were people in queſt of his Majeſty, he was terrified at the peril he was in; and here it is that Providence was viſibly remarkable. The villain, perplexed and agitated with a ſenſe of his crime, was ſtaggered and delayed the execution of it: The King obſerved his reſolution altered, and availed himſelf of it. Koſinſki ſaid to him, 'I know that to kill the King is a great ſin, but I have taken an oath to kill you.' His Majeſty anſwered him, 'I ſee thou art not 'yet grown grey in thy iniquity; if thou knoweſt 'that it is a great ſin to kill the King, how didſt 'thou dare to take an oath to commit a ſin?' Koſinſki replied, But I have, however, taken that oath; 'and at laſt, if I do not kill you, I ſhall 'loſe my own head.' Upon which the King anſwered: 'If thou believeſt me to be a King, thou 'oughteſt to believe that I have power to ſpare thy 'life.'

Letters from Paris mention, that on the 5th inſtant the Parliament of Dijon was ſuppreſſed by the Marquis de Tour du Pin, and new officers created for carrying on the buſineſs.

QUEBEC, *January*, 30.

On Monday the 20th inſtant was ſtabb'd, by Elizabeth M'Lauchan, Samuel Chant, of the 53d regiment, of which wound he expir'd 24 hours after.—The woman is in confinement, and will be tried at the preſent aſſizes.

SALEM, February 11.

It is ſaid that the fortifications of the City of Quebec are diſmantled, or at leaſt are in a defenceleſs ſtate, moſt of the cannon, &c. having been tranſported to England ſome time laſt fall.

BOSTON, February 19.

We learn that 9 ſail of veſſels, which were blown off the coaſt had arrived at Antigua, but no account of the Maſters names; only that one Robinſon, who was a paſſenger on board one of them, lately died there.

A letter from St. Euſtatia mentions, that the greateſt part of the principal Town on the Iſland of Granada, was lately conſumed by Fire.

NEWPORT, Rode-Iſland, *February*, 3.

The ſhip Fanny, Capt. Benjamin Hicks, of this port, from Africa, with a cargo of ſlaves, is arrived at Barbadoes, where the market is very good.

The Captains Langworthy, Wanton and Malbone are arrived at Nichola Mole; the latter loſt all his Horſes.

A new General having lately arrived at Hiſpaniola, ſome regulations have taken place, in conſequence of which ſeveral northern veſſels have been ſeized; and 'tis thought likely that the trade that way will be broke up, or laid under ſevere reſtrictions.

We hear the crops in ſeveral Iſlands in the Weſt-Indies were likely to be the greateſt known for many years paſt.

NEW-PORT, February 19.

We hear that the Swanzey Packet was ſeized laſt week by a Man of war's tender, on her paſſage to Boſton, for having ſome contraband goods on board.

We are this moment informed that the above tender, and packet put into the Vineyard, where, in the night a number, of Indians boarded the packet and carried her off; the tender endeavoured to retake her but could not come up with her; what port the packet is gone for is not known.

By Captain Tibbits, from Hiſpaniola, we have a confirmation of ſeveral Engliſh veſſels having been lately ſeized at that Iſland, but don't learn their names, nor where they belonged.

EARSALE,
from London, Briſtol, Liverpool, &c. to be properly to ſell
the firſt Grand, viz.
Rice bordered Chintz
handſome ditto
ue and white Scotch do.
ew and fine ſtained do.
ack Bandana do.
kerſey do.
ack and white crapes
ack bombazines
inets
ack, brown, red and blue
ell wide Perſians
ack and white narrow Perſians
ack, brown & blue taffeties
hite ſarſnet
ain black alamode
ue, white and black flowered
ed and ſpotted peelong
ain black peelongs and
ſattins
omens black velvet
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A barrow Hog, 11 months old, was killed by Daniel Shearman, of south Kingston, which weighed 510 lb.

Feb. 17. Last Thursday morning the mercury in the Thermometer, in this town, stood at 4 above 0, when our rivers were frozen over lower than they have been any time this winter.

We some time past mentioned, "That a most contagious distemper, among the sheep, called the Throat-Ail, raged at Tiverton;"—Since which we hear that distemper rages much more furiously at a town called *Seghonate*, adjoining said Tiverton, not only among sheep, but also among geese, turkeys, &c.

On the 2d instant, was calved of 2 3 years old cow, belonging to Mr. John Franklin, of South-Kingstown, a white bull calve, which, at 22 Hours old, weighed 113 pound.

A bull belonging to Samuel Dyre, Esq; of this town, was killed a few days past, exactly at the age of 3 years, which weighed, when dressed, including hide and tallow, between 25 and 1600 lb.

NEW-LONDON, *February* 14.

Last Friday Capt. John Chapman arrived here from Hispaniola; on the 2d inst. he spoke with Capt. Snow from Virginia, bound to Bermuda, who a day or two before had met with a hard gale of wind, when it was with the greatest difficulty, he cleared the land; and as he stretched a long shore from Cape Charles to Cape Hatteras saw near 20 sail of vessels on shore most of whom sailed from Virginia the same day with him.

By Capt. Chapman we hear that Capt. Jacob Goodwin and Capt. Peabody, both from this port, have been seized at the Cape by a French man of war, under pretence of their having too great a quantity of flour on board.

PHILADELPHIA, *February* 20.

Extract of a Letter from St. Christophers, Jan. 23.

"We have certain advice of the town of St. GEORGE, at Grenada, being entirely consumed by fire, on the 27th of last month; and that little or no dry goods, houshold utensils, or provisions, have been preserved; but three houses upon the hill, viz. the court-house, customs, and one other, have escaped; the whole Bay town entirely consumed. Such is the distress of the Inhabitants, that many of them are lodged on board the shipping; and others are forced to take shelter with the humane in the country."

Another letter from the same place mentions the town of St. George being destroyed; and that the loss was computed at three hundred thousand pounds Sterling.

On Monday, the 10th instant, in the evening, a fire broke out in the House of Mr. Thomas Lowrey, at Amwell, in Hunterdon county, New-Jersey, which entirely consumed his dwelling-house, and store adjoining, with a great quantity of dry goods. We hear Mr. Lowrey's loss amounts to between three and four thousand pounds.

ALBANY, December 30.

On Wednesday last, Baltus Becker who lived at Normanskill, eight miles distant from this city, cut a large tree, which happened to be intercepted in its fall by the branches of another that stood near it, this he also attempting to cut down, but resting upon it, a splinter flew off, and struck him so forcibly on the head, that he expired immediately.—He has left a wife and 8 children.

[Left out of our last for want of Room.]

NEW-YORK, February 27.

The Philadelphia Gazette of the 20th Instant, contains some Observations on the Improvement of publick Roads, occasioned by a Petition to the Assembly of that Colony for a Turnpick Road from Philadelphia to Susquehanna. In these Observations is pointed out the great importance to every Government and its Inhabitants, of keeping the publick Roads in the best Condition, for travelling and conveying the product of every part to the Metropolis and other market Places; shewing that by such Roads, the Demand for the Produce of Lands is increased, together with the Value of the Lands themselves, and the Advantage of Individuals; therefore that the general Improvements of pulick Roads, is an Object highly deserving the attention of every Legislative Body. Some methods of Improvement are also recommended particulary Turnpikes.

The same Paper contains some Extracts from the Minutes of the American Philosophical Society —Who having consider'd Doct. Williamson's Paper, relative to the Variation of the Magnet, and being desirous of promoting a Scheme which may be of such extensive Utility, earnestly request the Ingenious Learned, thro' the several Colonies, to favour them with their Magnetial Observations in the Course of the Present Year, and hope for the Continuance of their Correspondence.—To this is added a short Account of the Advantages which may arise to Geography, Navigation and Natural History, from a Sert of Magnetical Observations, made annually, thro' the American Colonies, and the Neighbouring Atlantic, particularly in Securing Men's Lives and Property at Sea, and ascertaining the Boundaries of Land.

The New-London Gazette of the 14 Instant contains the Vindication of Capt. Joseph Packwood, Late of the Brig Lucretia of New-London, against the Aspersions thrown on him by a Letter (publish'd in all the late Papers(subscribed by——Pearson, Master of the Druid Sloop of War, setting forth that the said Brig had a Sound Bottom, might have been carried into Port, and ought not to have been quitted by the Men—who it was supposed would not have left her if she had not been deeply insured &c. Capt. Packwood asserts, that the Vessel when he and his People left her was a perfect Wreck, entirely unmanageable, incapable of being carried to any Port and with above 5 Feet Water in the Hold. For the Truth of this he appeals to all his People and to Capt. Coll, M'Alpin of the Ship St. George (and his Men) who saw and examined the Wreck and took the People from it, and who refused to tarry and accompany the Brig if the People stay'd on board and attempted to save her. And that on no other Terms the People would consent to stay on board the Brig. Farther, Capt. Packwood asserts that one Quarter part of the Vessel and Cargo was his own Property, and that no part of that or of any other part of the Vessel or Cargo, was insured.

The Honourable House of Representaties of this Colony having on the 11th Instant resolved that his Excellency Governor Tryon, be allowed for his administering the Government of this Colony, from the 9th of July 1771, to the 1st Day of September 1772, after the Rate of £.2000 per Ann. and for Fire Wood and Candles for his Majesty's Fort-George, during the same Time, after the Rate of £ 400 per Ann. On the 13th his Excellency the Governor sent a Message to the House, in the Words following,

Gentlemen, observing in the Votes of your House of the 11th Inst. that you have voted me a Salary as Governor of this Province, it is my Duty to lay before you an Extract from his Majesty's Instruction, which will apoligize for my not accepting that liberal Provision you intended for my Support.

Fort-George, New-York, 13th Feb. 1772.

Extract form his Majesty's Instructions to Governor Tryon.

"WHEREAS several Inconveniences have arisen to our Governments in the Plantations, by Gifts and Presents made to our Governors by the General Assemblies; for the preventing thereof for the future, It is our Express Will and Pleasure, that neither you our Governor, Commander in Chief, or President of the Council of our said Province of *New-York*, for the Time being, do give your or their Consent to the passing any Law or Act, for any Gift or Present to be made to you or them, by the Assembly, and that neither you, nor they, do receive any Gift or Present from the Assembly or others on any Account, or in any Manner whatsoever, upon Pain of our highest Displeasure, and of being recalled from that our Government.

A true Copy, Test.

EDMUND FANNING, P. Secry."

On the 19th Instant, it was resolved in the House, that the Sum of £ 800 per Ann. for 20 Years, be allow'd, out of the Excise on strong Liquors retailed in the City and County of New-York, for the Use of the Hospital to be erected in the said City for the Relief and Cure of the Diseased, Helpless and distressed.

WILLIAM HYLTON,

Has for SALE,

A Parcel of choice BUTTER in Firkins, and DEAR-SKINS in the Hair, just imported from Virginia——Also,

A few Hogsheads of Jamaica SUGARS. 1922

SUTTONIAN INOCULATION.

MR. LATHAM, Surgeon to the King's (or 8th) Regiment of Foot, informs the Public, that he is arrived from Claverack, and intends to remain here for four Weeks.

Any Persons who choose to favour him with their Commands, are requested to apply before the 1st of March, as Mr. Latham is obliged to return soon to Claverack.

Mr. Latham lodges at Mr. Newton's, in Broad-Street.

New-York, Feb. 12, 1772. 1922

To be sold, at public Vendue,

The 6th Day of April next, or at private Sale any Time before,

THE *place of Peter Bartine, in New-Rochelle, consisting of twenty one acres of good land, eighteen acres of which is good English mowing ground of an excellent soil; a good dwelling house, out-houses, and good barn;—its situation and prospect beautiful to the sound, adjoins New-Rochelle creek, and Mr. Bleecker's grist-mills; a harbour or landing belonging to and adjoining said place, sufficient for a sloop of an hundred tons—about twenty rods from the New-Rochelle town landing, where vessels of considerable burden, go in and out at low water; a public road leading from the country back to said landing, running before the door; upon the whole, it is beautifully situated for any kind of public business, by land or water, or both: The beautiful situation and prospect up and down the sound, in which none exceeds it, would render it a most beautiful country seat for a gentleman; fish in the season plenty, to be catched from off their own dock, or landing,—fowling, and many other conveniencies, too tedious to mention. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may agree upon reasonable Terms, by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises, who will give an indisputable title.*

PETER BARTINE.

New-Rochelle, Jan. 9, 1772. 1926

To be Sold, or Let,

And entered on immediately,

A Very good grist-mill, together with about 70 acres of land, lying on Mattawan creek, within about half a mile of Middle-Town Point, in East-New-Jersey; the said mill consists of two pair of stones, and three bolting boxes, all which go by water, which makes it extreamly easy to tend the mills; an extraordinary and large mill house, well calculated for taking in large quantities of grain. The said mills, mill house, mill-dam, and flood gates, were all lately put in new and good repair. There is on said land two dwelling-houses, one of which is large and convenient, with a good, large and convenient, shop added to it, suitable for a trader, as the place and situation is well calculated for that business; there is also a barn and sundry other out-houses on said land. The quality of the land, as follows, viz. About 45 acres of wood land, about 7 acres of salt meadow, the remainder clear'd land, on part of which is a good young bearing orchard of about 60 apple trees, all grafts, also some peach and plumb trees. It is a noted place for conviencey to fowling fishing, oystering, clamming, &c. as the land lies on both sides of the creek; and further, the boats that frequently follow coasting between Middle-Town Point and New-York, can go up the creek within a few rods of the mill. For further particulars, and conditons of sale, enquire of Mr. John Burrows, at Middle-Town Point, or Nathaniel Marston, merchant, in New-York, who will agree on reasonable terms, and give an indisputable title for the same.

1922

THE *dwelling-house and farm of John Ogden, Esq; in Newark, containing about sixty-eight acres, will be sold at public vendue, at the dwelling-house of James Banks, innholder in said town, on Tuesday the fourteenth day of April next, at three of the clock in the afternoon; the lot on which the house stands, contains about twelve acres of excellent land; the house is large and built of stone, a good kitchen adjoins it, and many necessary and convenient out-houses,—on this lot is perhaps the best orchard in the government, the fruit well chosen, and particularly adapted for the making of such cider as truly merits the name of* Newark Cider; *there are also on it a sufficient number of other trees, that afford a plenty of the best apples for the table, that are to be found in the country,—among which are pippins of various kinds, &c.*

The pleasantness of the situation of fifty acres of the farm on the top of the hill, back of the town of Newark, is so well known, that it would be needless to say any more, than that it has the town of Newark, the Passaick-River, and the Newark Bay in full view, and commands a most elegant prospect of the city of New York, the town of Bergen, Long-Island, Staten Island, and other places for many miles round it. Few places are so well calculated for a gentleman's summer retreat as this farm; the prospect is grand, the air extremely pure, and from it's elevation will never be infested with the too common disturbers of a summer's evening's repose; on part of this, there is also a fine young orchard. The remaining six acres lie near the most public road, leading from New-York to Philadelphia, in the neck of land below the town of Newark, the quality of which land is well known to be good. The whole will be sold together, or in parts, as shall best suit the purchaser or purchasers. The conditions will be made known at the time of sale, by

20 23 STEPHEN SKINNER.

Fine Irish LINENS.

A Few Pieces just arrived, and to be SOLD, very cheap, for Cash only,

By JAMES BINGHAM,

Aside the FLY-MARKET. 1922

This Day Published, by

SAMUEL LOUDON,

A neat AMERICAN EDITION

OF

BUCHAN'S DOMESTIC MEDICINE; OR, THE

FAMILY PHYSICIAN,

BEING

AN Attempt to render the MEDICAL ART more generally useful, by shewing People what is in their own Power, both with respect to the PREVENTION and CURE of Diseases, CHIEFLY

Calulated to recommend a proper Attention to

REGIMEN and SIMPLE MEDICINES.

By WILLIAM BUCHAN, M. D.

Re-printed for Robert Aitken, in Philadelphia, and sold a third Cheaper than the London Edition. 1922

HATS

MANUFACTURED by the Advertiser, to exceed in Fineness, Cut, Colour and Cock; and by a Method peculiar to himself, to turn rain, and prevent the Sweat of the Head damaging the crown.—Such Gentry and others, who have experienced his Ability, 'tis hoped will recommend.

NESBITT DEANE.

☞ Encouragement to those who buy to sell again.

Aside the Coffee-House Bridge, New-York. 95—

To be SOLD, by the Subscribers,

In such Parcels, as may best suit the Purchasers,

A Valuable tract of improved land, in the township of Alexandria, in the county of Hunterdon, and province of New-Jersey, commonly known by the name of BYERLIE's Tract, *containing about 8000 acres, now in the possession of a number of tenants, whose leases will expire the 25th of March next. It is situate on the river Delaware and Musconecong, about six miles below Easton, ten miles from Union-Iron-Works, is contiguous both to Mr. Hughes and Mr. Johnson's forges and grist-mills, and in the neighbourhood of several other grist and saw-mills. The land is extremely well watered and of an excellent quality for raising of wheat and grain of all kinds. The tract is accommodated with a very good fishing place on the river Delaware, where a great quantity of shad and other fish are taken in the proper seasons. The buyers, on paying down one third of the purchase money, will have time given to pay the rest. For further particulars, application may be made to ARCHIBALD STEWART, of Andover-Iron-Works, who will attend on the land from the 1st to the 25th of March next.*

1922 *ALLEN and TURNER.*

QUEENSBURY, November 11, 1771.

TO BE SOLD, between this and MAY next,

A VERY valuable tract of land, containing about 2000 acres, lying in Orange county, in the province, and about 30 miles from the city of New-York, and two and half from the North-river, at the landing on the West side of Salisbury-Island, to which there is a good waggon road from the said land; which is extraordinarily well timbered and watered, and is in general as good for grain and meadow, as any in the county, especially for meadow, in which it excels, and has sufficient cleared to winter 25 or 30 head of cattle, besides horses, and about 200 acres more may be made: There is also cleared, a considerable quantity of plow land, in which about 10 or 12 bushels of wheat and rye have been sown this season, the whole in good fence. There is during the summer season, a very fine range, which can never be obstructed, for any number of cattle, on the said land; and also the following buildings and improvements, viz. a good new framed, and two other houses, with a cellar, &c. a large garden, a good young bearing orchard, of the best grafted fruit, a good saw-mill, with plenty of water, and a vast quantity of white oak and other timbers convenient to it, which if properly attended, by persons acquainted with the sawing business, would produce, free of all costs, at least £. 200 a year. Whoever inclines to purchase the said tract, or half of it, may apply to the subscriber on the premises, who will give an indisputable title for the same, and also make known the conditions of payment. 9—

MOSES CLEMENT.

To be sold, the following land, at private sale, till the 20th of March next, and if not then sold, will be sold at public vendue the 25th of March, on the premises, in Rombout's Precinct, Dutches county.

LOT No. 1, containing about three hundred acres, joining the North-river, with a very good framed house, forty feet long and 35 feet wide; also a very good barn, built all of cedar, also a grist-mill, in very good order for packing and bolting, also orchard and meadow ground sufficient, now in the occupation of Lawrence Lawrence.

Lot N° 2, containing about two hundred acres, joining lot N° 1, and is very good land, with a comfortable country dwelling-house and a complete barn and orchard, and meadow ground.

Lot N° 3, containing about one hundred and fifty acres, joins lot N° 2, and is very good land, with a middling dwelling-house, but a very good new barn, all covered with cedar; the land is almost all meadow ground, with a complete orchard.

Lot N° 4, containing two hundred and twenty three acres, joining lot N° 3, with a very good house and barn, and young orchard, and some meadow ground, and more may be made, with little charge.

For particulars, inquire of LAWRENCE LAWRENCE in Rombout Precinct, in Dutches county, or Mr. NATHANIEL MARSTON, merchant in New-York, who will agree for the same, and give a good title. 15 25

New-York, 14th Jan. 1772.